

Find the derivative and box your answers:

1.  $f(x) = 8x^5$   $f' = 40x^4$

2.  $y = 0.3x$   $y' = 0.3$

3.  $y = 3t^{-2}$   $y' = -6t^{-3}$

4.  $f(x) = 3x - 2$   $df/dx = 3$

5.  $f(w) = w^{-7}$   $f' = -7w^{-8}$

6.  $y = g(x) = 3x^2 - 5x - 2$   $dy/dx = 6x - 5$

7.  $z = f(Q) = 7Q^2 - 5Q + 3$   $dz/dQ = 14Q - 5$

8.  $R = bQ - aQ^2$   $dR/dQ = b - 2aQ$

Evaluate the derivatives:

9.  $y = -3p^3 + \frac{9}{2}p^2 + 9p - 9$  at  $p=10$

$y' = -9p^2 + 9p + 9$

$y' = -801$

10.  $C = 0.1q^2 + 3$

at  $q = 1000$  and  $q = 5000$ 

$C' = 0.2q$

$C'(1,000) = 200$

$C'(5,000) = 1,000$

11.  $C = 0.001Q^3 - 0.02Q^2 + 5Q + 5,000$

$C' = 0.003Q^2 - 0.04Q + 5$

$C'(10) = 4.9$

$C'(100) = 31$

12.  $R = 250Q + 45Q^2 - Q^3$

$R' = 250 + 90Q - 3Q^2$

$R'(5) = 625$

$R'(10) = 850$

$R'(25) = 625$

Using the *product*, *quotient*, or *chain rules* as needed; differentiate:

13.  $y = (4x + 1)(6x + 3)$   $y' = 48x + 18$

14.  $s(t) = (8 - 7t)(t^2 - 2)$   
 $s' = 14 + 16t - 21t^2$

16.  $y = \frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$   $y' = -2x^{-3}$

17.  $y = \frac{2x - 3}{4x + 1}$   $y' = \frac{14}{(4x + 1)^2}$

18.  $f(x) = (2x + 1)^2$   
 $f' = 8x + 4$

19.  $R = P(Q) \cdot Q$  where  $P(Q) = a - bQ$   
 $dR/dQ = a - 2bQ$

20.  $f(q) = [\delta q^\rho]^{1/\rho}$   
 If we simplify first:  $f(q) = \delta^{1/\rho} q$  so  $f' = \delta^{1/\rho}$   
 Or, if we use the CHAIN RULE:

$$f' = \rho \frac{1}{\rho} [\delta q^\rho]^{\frac{1}{\rho} - 1} \delta q^{\rho - 1}$$

$$= \delta^{\frac{1-\rho}{\rho}} \delta^{\frac{\rho}{\rho}} q^{\frac{1-\rho}{\rho}} q^{\rho - 1}$$

$$= \delta^{\frac{1-\rho+\rho}{\rho}} q^{1-\rho} q^{\rho - 1}$$

$$= \delta^{\frac{1}{\rho}} q^{1-\rho+\rho-1} = \delta^{\frac{1}{\rho}} q^0$$

$$= \delta^{1/\rho} \text{ (verified)}$$